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**CANADA** H7L 5X9

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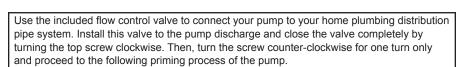
FAX: 514.337.4029

FLOW CONTROL

VALVE

info@burcam.com

Your pump has been carefully packaged at the factory to prevent damage during shipping. However, occasional damage may occur due to rough handling. Carefully inspect your pump for damages that could cause failures. Report any damage to your carrier or your point of purchase.



Follow all these inside step by step instructions to install your pump. Use teflon tape on all threads. (1) Install the pump discharge fittings as illustrated. (2) Fill the suction line with water and connect it to the suction inlet. (3) Remove the priming plug and fill the pump body with water. (4) Screw the plug to the priming inlet. (5) Turn the power on. The pump should deliver water to the plumbing line within 30

seconds. If not, unplug the pump and repeat the process at step 3.

After priming the pump, you can adjust the flow control valve to obtain the best performance of the pump. Remember that when you open this valve, you reduce the suction capacity. This valve is used to balance the discharge flow with the suction requirement. The deeper your suction distance, the more closed the valve should be for optimum performance.

> Priming plug (3-4) on the side.





# INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

**MODELS** 503321/503721

> AND OTHER PRODUCTS 503327 503727 503328 503728 503331 503731 ETC.

#### JET PUMP

Please read these instructions carefully. Failure to comply to instructions and designed operation of this system, may void the warranty.

#### **FACTORY SET VOLTAGE 115 V CONNECTION VOLTAGE CHANGING:**

Before changing the voltage connection: A) Ensure the power to the pump is disconnected. B) Open motor junction box cover. C) Please select the up knob position for 115V or down knob position for 230V. D) Connect to appropriate voltage.

E) Close motor junction box.

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### **Safety Instructions:**

This fine pump that you have just purchased is designed from the latest in material and workmanship. Before installation and operation, we recommend the following procedures:

- CHECK WITH YOUR LOCAL ELECTRICAL AND PLUMBING CODES TO ENSURE YOU COMPLY WITH THE REGULATIONS. THESE CODES HAVE BEEN DESIGNED WITH YOUR SAFETY IN MIND. BE SURE YOU COMPLY WITH THEM.
- WE RECOMMEND THAT A SEPARATE CIRCUIT BE LEAD FROM THE HOME ELECTRICAL DISTRIBUTION PANEL PROPERLY PROTECTED WITH A FUSE OR A CIRCUIT BREAKER. WE ALSO RECOMMEND THAT A GROUND FAULT CIRCUIT BE USED. CONSULT A LICENSED ELECTRICIAN FOR ALL WIRING.
- THE GROUND TERMINAL ON THE THREE PRONG PLUGS SHOULD NEVER BE REMOVED. THEY ARE SUPPLIED AND DESIGNED FOR YOUR PROTECTION.
- NEVER MAKE ADJUSTMENTS TO ANY ELECTRICAL APPLIANCE OR PRODUCT WITH THE POWER CONNECTED. DO NOT ONLY UNSCREW THE FUSE OR TRIP THE BREAKER, REMOVE THE POWER PLUG FROM THE RECEPTACLE.

### **Monthly Mandatory check-up:**

- 1. Inspect the pump for any obvious condition that necessitates cleaning, correction, adjustement or repair.
- 2. Clear the surrounding of any paper, leaves or other debris.
- 3. Assure that the pump is secure for proper operation.
- 4. Assure that there is adequate clearance from any combustible materials or stucture. Stored materials must be kept away from
  - the pump. Shelves or cabinet structures must not be in close proximity over the pump.
- 5. Assure that the motor is securely plugged into a proper GFCI electrical outlet
- 6. Test the GFCI outlet by pressing its test switch. This should prove that the outlet is energized and will trip off to protect against a ground fault. Be sure to reset the GFCI by pressing its reset switch.
- 7. Observe that the plumbing can carry the water safely into the residence.

#### Material required for drilled well application (indoor use only)

#### Shallow well pump installation

- ☐ Desired length of polyethylene 1" pipe, 100 PSI, CSA or UL approved, to link up from pumping level to pump.
- □ 1 1" foot valve (750756 or 750752P).
- ☐ 1 well seal, as per well casing diameter (750929 6" x 1").
- ☐ 1 1" well seal elbow (750860).
- □ 2 1" male adaptors (750865 or 750871).
- □ 8 1" stainless steel clamps (750885).
- ☐ Teflon tape.

#### **Tank installation**

- ☐ Desired length of 1" braided hose (750919) to link up from pump to tank. Keep tank as close as possible from pump.
- □ 1 tank T (650651).
- ☐ 1 drain valve (650659).
- □ 2 1" female adaptor.
- □ 1 1" male adaptor (750865 or 750871).
- □ 3 1" stainless steel clamps (750885).
- ☐ Teflon tape.

#### Deep well pump installation

- □ Desired length of polyethylene 1" and 1 1/4" pipe, 100 PSI, CSA or UL approved, to link up from pumping level to pump.
- □ 1 1" foot valve (750756 or 750752P).
- □ 1 well seal, as per well casing diameter (750926 6" x 1 1/4" x 1").
- ☐ 1 1" well seal elbow (750860).
- □ 1 1 1/4" well seal elbow (750861).
- □ 1 1 1/4" venturi adaptor (750864).
- □ 2 1" male adaptors (750865 or 750871).
- □ 1 1 1/4" male adaptor (750872).
- □ 8 1" stainless steel clamps (750885).
- □ 8 1 1/4" stainless steel clamps (750886).
- □ Teflon tape.

#### **Tools**

Screwdrivers, hacksaw to cut pipe, knife to assist in pipe cutting, round file to smooth pipe ends, pipe wrench, adjustable wrench to tighten fittings, propane torch and welding material.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

- This pump is designed for shallow well installation for water level up to 25 feet, with injector screwed on pump body; or for deep well installation for water level up to 85 feet, with 2 pipes and injector down in the well.
- CAPACITY AT 20 PSI.

	SHALLC	W WELL		DEEP WELL		
5'	1/2 HP 900	3/4 HP 950		1/2 HP	3/4 HP	
10'	800	850	30'	500	525	
15'	650	700	40'	400	425	
20'	450	500	50'	300	325	
25'	300	350	80'	150	175	
US GPH				US GPH		

FRICTION LOSS IN PIPE NOT INCLUDED.

#### **FEATURES**

- High performance noryl impeller...
- · Industrial motor totally enclosed, fan cooled.
- Full time connected run capacitor, to eliminate starting wear vs regular motor.
- Thermal and overload protection.
- · Built for a continuous use.
- 1/2 HP, 115/230 VCA, 60 Hz, 8.6 A/4.3 A.
- 3/4 HP, 115 VCA, 60 Hz, 8.9 A/4.5 A.

(at start: 15 A/7.5 A)

Your ejector is factory pre-assembled with the venturi 510066.2, for an optimum performance when the pumping level is between 25' to 60' (7.5 meters to 18 meters) depth, in reference to the pump position. So, this is a deep well application mode. The ejector is positioned into the well and is connected to the pump using 2 pipes (see page 5).

If the pumping level is deeper than 60' (18 meters) in reference to the pump position, it is mandatory to unscrew the pre-assembled venturi and to replace it by the venturi 510066.3, also as a deep well mode application with the ejector positioned into the well.

In the case of a pumping level lower than 25' (7.5

meters), unscrew the pre-assembled venturi and replace it by the venturi 510066.1. Then screw the ejector to the pump body. This becomes a shallow well mode application where only one pipe is required to pump water (see page 4).



### **INSTALLATION STEPS**

### STEP 1

We recommend that you install your pump in a clean and dry location where there is adequate room for servicing at a later date. Protection from freezing temperatures and good ventilation should be considered as well, to provide the pump an environment for long life. Locating the pump as close as possible to the water source will reduce friction losses encountered in the suction pipe.

Friction losses in the suction pipe must be taken into consideration when the horizontal offset is greater than 50 feet. The suction pipes should be increased from 1" to 1 1/4". This will reduce friction losses and allow the pump to give maximum performance.

A new well should be checked to determine that it is free from sand. Sand will damage the seal and the impeller. Have your well driller clean the well before your installation.

**Never run the pump dry.** Damage to the seal may occur. Fill pump body and suction pipe with water before turning on the power.

THE RUN OF HORIZONTAL PIPE FROM THE TOP OF YOUR WELL INTO THE HOUSE, WHERE YOUR PUMP WILL BE LOCATED, MUST BE INSTALLED IN A TRENCH, BELOW THE FROST LEVEL OF YOUR AREA.

## **DEEP WELL APPLICATION**

SEE DIAGRAM ON PAGE 9

STEP 2

Locate your injector body in your package. Using teflon tape, screw the 1 1/4" venturi adaptor over the injector venturi (black tube), into the 1 1/4" opening of injector body. Install the 1" male thread adaptor in the 1" opening in injector body. Securely tighten both adaptors with pipe wrench.

STEP 3

With teflon tape on threads, install a 1" nipple into the 1" foot valve, then screw this assembly into the 1" bottom opening of the injector.

STEP 4

Cut the desired length of 1" and 1 1/4" poly pipes to run from the top of the well to the pumping level. Smooth the pipe cuttings with your round file. (Check that no cut-out parts are left inside of pipe. This may block pump injector or impeller). Slide 2 stainless steel clamps over one end of each pipe and use torch to soften pipe. Fix the 1" and 1 1/4" pipes respectively on the 1" adaptor and 1 1/4" venturi adaptor. Tighten clamps with screwdriver when cool. For security against leaks, we suggest to install 2 stainless steel clamps on each adaptor.

STEP 5

Insert both well seal elbows thru their opening of the seal. Slide 2 stainless steel clamps over the free ends of the previously cut pipes and soften pipes with your torch. Attach pipes to the well seal elbows (ends protruding at bottom of well seal). Tighten clamps with screwdriver when cool.

To facilitate servicing at a later date, you may use a pitless adaptor and a sealed well cap instead of an elbow and a well seal as describe in steps 3 and 4.

STEP 6

Install the well seal and the injector piping assembly into your well casing. Tight down the well seal bolts using your adjustable wrench.

STEP 7

Install your pump in the house, on a sound foundation, as close as possible to the basement wall. Locate the openings in the front of the pump body. Thread respectively 1" and 1 1/4" adaptors into corresponding openings using teflon tape. Do not over tighten.

STEP 8

Cut the desired length of pipes from pump location to the well seal and connect both ends using the previous way, with stainless steel clamps and torch. Do not fill in your trench to the house until you have checked for any leaks in your connections or trouble in your water system.

CONTINUE ON PAGE 6 FOR TANKS
AND ON PAGE 7 FOR ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION STEPS.

### SHALLOW WELL APPLICATION

SEE DIAGRAM ON PAGE 8

### STEP 2

Cut the desired length of poly pipe to run from the top of the well to the pumping level. Smooth the pipe cuttings with your round file. (Check that no cut-out parts are left inside of pipe. This may block pump injector or impeller). Tape male adaptor threads with teflon tape and thread adaptor into the foot valve. Slide 2 stainless steel clamps over one end of pipe and use torch to soften pipe. Insert the male adaptor and foot valve into this pipe end. Tighten clamps with screwdriver when cool. For security against leaks, we suggest to install 2 stainless steel clamps on each adaptor.

## STEP 3

Insert the well seal elbow thru the opening of the seal.

Slide 2 stainless steel clamps over the free end of the previously cut pipe and soften pipe with your torch. Attach pipe to the well seal elbow (end protruding at bottom of well seal). Tighten clamps with screwdriver when cool.

# STEP 4

Install the well seal and piping assembly into your well casing. Tight down the well seal bolts using your adjustable wrench.

To facilitate servicing at a later date, you may use a pitless adaptor and a sealed well cap instead of an elbow and a well seal as describe in steps 3 and 4.

# STEP 5

Install your pump in the house, on a sound foundation, as close as possible to the basement wall. Locate the suction inlet in the front of the injector. Thread an adaptor into inlet using teflon tape. Do not over tighten.

# STEP 6

Cut the desired length of pipe from pump location to the well seal and connect both ends using the previous way, with stainless steel clamps and torch. Do not fill in your trench to the house until you have checked for any leaks in your connections or trouble in your water system.

### STEP 7 for sand or well points

Sand or well points are limited to areas where water bearing sand or gravel lies below the surface, and where there are no boulders or rocks to interfere with the driving into the ground of the point.

The amount of water any "one" well point will supply is usually rather limited. Sometimes, it is necessary to use more than one point to increase the supply of water, entering to the pump's suction.

THE IMPORTANT INSTALLATION STEP IN USING WELL POINTS IS THAT A CHECK VALVE MUST BE USED IN THE SUCTION PIPE LEADING TO THE SUCTION INLET, AS CLOSE TO THE PUMP AS POSSIBLE, TO KEEP SUCTION LINE AND PUMP WELL PRIMED.

CONTINUE ON PAGE 6 FOR TANKS
AND ON PAGE 7 FOR ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION STEPS.

## TANKS INSTALLATION

SEE DIAGRAM ON PAGE 10

STEP 8 for captive air tanks

Packaged systems have the pump mounted directly to the tank. The pump to tank plumbing fittings are pre-assembled in factory. You only have to connect the discharge line of your system to your home's plumbing distribution line. When using a separate tank from your pump, we recommend to install a captive air tank as shown in our typical installation diagram, that is air injected into the tank at the factory. This air, which is in addition to atmospheric pressure, increase the ability of the tank to deliver more water between on/off cycles, thus increasing the efficiency of your water system. Connect the pump discharge to the tank T, using adaptors and braided hose, then, connect the other side of tank T to your home's plumbing distribution line.

Make sure that the precharged air pressure (before connecting the tank) is 2 PSI less than the starting pressure setted on the pressure switch of your pump. If you adjust the air pressure after the installation, follow these steps:

- Check the starting pressure of the pump on the pressure gauge;
- Disconnect the power to the pump;
- Open nearest fawcet to the tank and relieve all pressure in tank, then close the fawcet;
- Adjust the air pressure of the tank (by pumping or removing air at the snifter valve) 2 PSI below pressure switch "ON" setting;
- Turn power back on to pump.

Your tank is now well precharged. Run the pump through a few cycles to verify that it works properly.

STEP 8 for epoxy or glass lined tanks Other types of tanks may be used, as galvanized standard tanks, epoxy or glass lined tanks. These products do not achieve the benefits of the captive air tanks.

Epoxy or glass lined tanks with float have to be precharged by the installer. Assuming tank is plumbed to pump and all connections are checked for leaks, follow these steps:

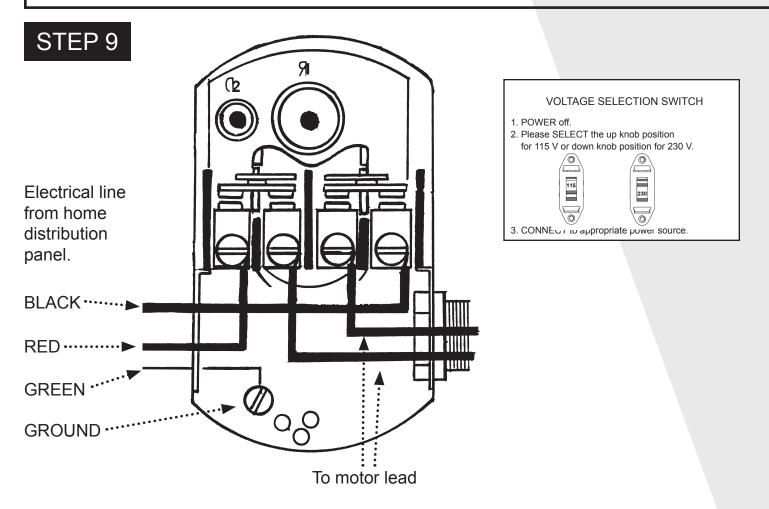
- Run pump thru one complete cycle, until pump shuts off;
- Disconnect the power to the pump;
- Open nearest fawcet to the tank and relieve all pressure in tank, then close the fawcet;
- Close service line gate valve;
- With a car tire pump, inject air into the snifter valve located in tank. Watch pump pressure gauge and stop pumping air when pressure reachs 2 PSI below pressure switch "ON" setting;
- Return power back on to pump;
- Run pump through one complete cycle;
- Open service line gate valve.

Your tank is now well precharged. Run the pump through a few cycles to verify that it works properly.

Not recomende for galvanized tanks

Galvanized standard tanks require an air volume control to be used with jet pump. We do not recommend the installation of this type of tank with your jet pump. This type of galvanized tank is recommended with piston pumps.

### **ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION**



We recommend that a licensed electrician be employed to do the proper wiring to the pressure switch, and to permanently ground the motor in accordance to the electrical codes in your area.

Do not use an extension cord to connect your pump to the power source. From your distribution panel to the pressure switch, we recommend a wire gauge not smaller than 14 gauge.

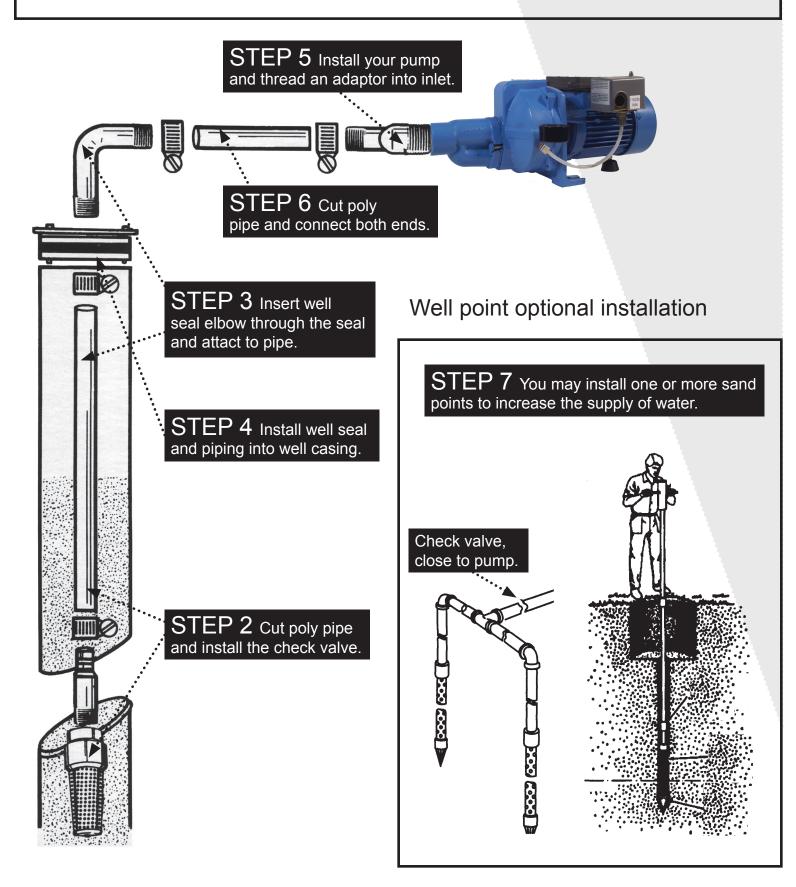
This is a dual voltage 115/230 pump. The voltage selection switch is located inside the terminal box. The motor is factory wired on 115V. For 230V selection, please open the terminal cover and set the switch to the proper voltage. (See above drawing on right).

Pressure switch setting (start/stop 20/40 or 30/50) has been made at the factory. Adjustments may be done to give other operating pressures.

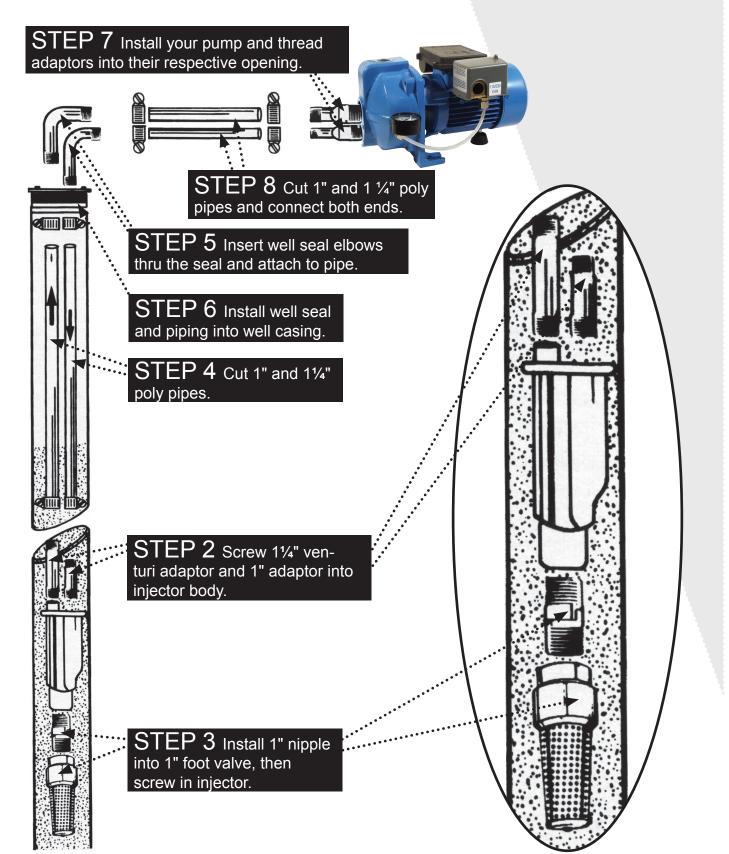
Adjustment or modification of start/stop setting of pressure switch have to be done carefully. **Turn adjustment nut half turn at a time.** 

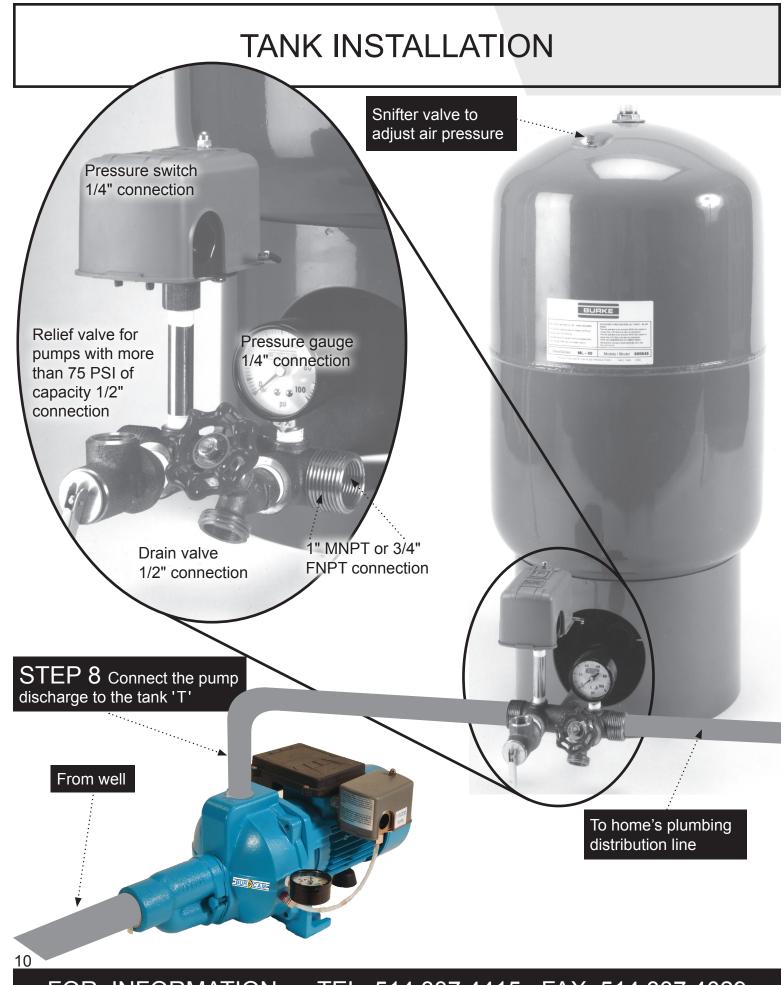
Turn nut 1 clockwise to raise start and stop pressure setting. Never turn nut 2. This will change the 20 PSI range between start and stop presssure and may damage your tank's bladder or modify the efficiency of your water system. Check system operation after each adjustment.

## SHALLOW WELL APPLICATION



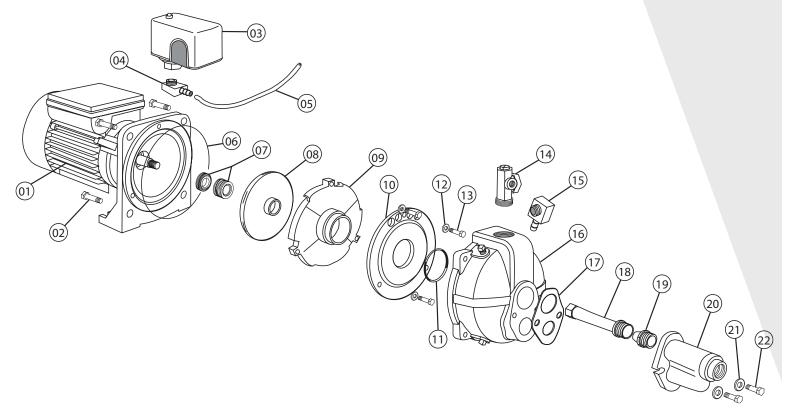
# DEEP WELL APPLICATION





# REPAIR PARTS

Ref	Pieces	Descriptions	Ref	Pieces	Descriptions
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	510054 510055 750957S 510056 750748 510053 510052 510048 510047 510065	Motor Motor Screws (4) Pressure Switch 1/4" NPT 1/4" Barb Elbow Hose Seal Plate O-Ring Macanical Seal Impeller Diffuser Diffuser Plate	13 14 15 16 17 18.1 18.2 18.3 19 20	510049 510072 510056 510058 510061 510066.1 510066.2 510066.3 510070 510062	Diffuser Plate Screws (3) Flow Regulator 1/4" NPT 1/4" Barb Elbow Pump Body Ejector Gasket Short Venturi Long Venturi (25'-60') Long Venturi (60'+) Nozzle Ejector Body
11 12	510051 510050	Diffuser Plate O-Ring Diffuser Plate Washers (3)	21 22 23	510063 510064 750968	Washers (2) Ejector Cap Screws (2) 1/8" Pressure Gauge (not shown)



503321 2011

Repair parts may be ordered from your autorized point of sale or from BUR-CAM PUMPS

## TROUBLE SHOOTING GUIDE CHECKLIST

NEVER MAKE ADJUSTMENTS TO ANY ELECTRICAL APPLIANCE OR PRODUCT WITH THE POWER CONNECTED. DON'T JUST UNSCREW THE FUSE OR TRIP THE BREAKER, REMOVE THE POWER FROM THE RECEPTACLE.

#### **TROUBLE**

#### PROBABLE CAUSE

Motor does not run.

Switch is off position

Blown fuse

Tripped breakerù

Dirty pressure switch

Defective pressure switch

Defective motor

Motor runs but no water is delivered.

Pump not primed

Leaky suction line

Foot valve plugged

Ejector nozzle clogged

Water level below foot valve

Suction lift to great

Improper voltage

Pump does not deliver to full capacity.

Water level below foot valve

Ejector nozzle clogged

Excessive friction in pipe

Improper voltage

Pump does not shut off.

Leaky discharge line

Motor not up to normal speed

Improper setting of pressure switch

Ejector nozzle clogged

Pump starts and stop too often.

Pressure tank waterlogged

Leaky foot valve

Leaky suction line

Foot valve do not close properly

Pressure switch out of adjustment

Leaky discharge line (toilet etc.)

Air spurts from fawcets.

Leaky suction line

Gaz in water

Airlogged tank (galvanized)

#### **ACTION**

Turn switch to on position

Replace

Reset

Clean

Replace

Replace

Prime with clean water

Check pipe and pipe connections

Clean

Clean

Check foot valve level

Water level lower than lift capacity

Check voltage

Check foot valve level

Clean

Too small or dirty pipe

Check voltage

Check all pipes for leak

Check power cable and voltage

Reset or replace

Clean

Drain tank and restart

Replace

Check pipe and pipe connections

Clean or replace

Adjust on/off setting

Check all pipes for leak

Check pipe and pipe connections

Check and consult factory

Replace air volume control

#### TO THE END CONSUMER

If you have any problems with the product, before advising the store, where you've purchased the pump, please contact us at 514 337-4415, and ask for our sales department, and they will be pleased to help you with any questions you might have, concerning your installation.